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Subject: Mars to be closer to Earth then in 60,000 years

Posted by [Infinint](#) on Fri, 01 Aug 2003 21:47:07 GMT

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ok ACK and every body this is how it works, theres the sun mercury venus earth mars astroid belt jupiter saturn uranus neptun pluto (i suppos most of you knew that) the paths are constently changeing but the farther away you get from the sun the more the paths will change such as pluto for exsample some times it becuse the 8th planet from the sun when it swichs with neptun. also as the sun enters its differnt "seasons" the gravitatal feild changes and planets orbits are slitly alterd maybe a few centimeters. also most orbits look like an egg shape like it seid in the text at the top but theat eeg shape is also ratating so the planet never in the same place every year (the planets you) which also dose stuff. also the planets gravitationinal feilds effect each other like our moon feild effects tides so if we have mars and the moon aline well have spring tides on the wroung side of the earth. but thats only minor but what can happen but has low probibility is that earth pulls one of mars's moons into our orbit which could cuase problems. what im trying to get at is it is posibal for mars to crash into earth but a colishion like that most likely wount be head on but more of a side swipe colitiotion and would knok the planets out of obit which could knok our plaent into a slow coures into the sun or a fast couse away or if your lucky earth will stay in its obit only slitly alterd path but the parts the hit could be eather smashed into the planet causing the crust to split very far across most of the planet, the other one and the one wrose for earth is the crst would be tared away in the part that hit covering up part of the planet in back of the colition also splitting the crust more and caoseing the planet to spin faster. and thats about it

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